

QUARTERLY LETTER

We are old-fashioned. In a ChatGPT world, we relied on our *authentic* intelligence to write this letter. Recent technological advances in artificial intelligence (AI) make stating this a near requirement.

Despite its decades-old founding, the AI innovation wave has recently kicked into high gear, prompting investors to place bets on which companies might reap its rewards and propelling portions of the stock market significantly higher. For example, the PHLX Semiconductor Index rose nearly 60% during the year ended March 31, 2024, as many constituent companies produce chips that are critical components of AI-related infrastructure.

Powering Nvidia- and ChatGPT-related headlines, are impressive recent AI product releases. The current iteration of AI has the potential to materially impact myriad industries. Existing tools can generate useful software code, produce human-quality art, and aid in pharmaceutical drug discovery.

A McKinsey & Company study¹ estimated that AI could add a whopping \$2.6 trillion to \$4.4 trillion in value to the global economy, annually.

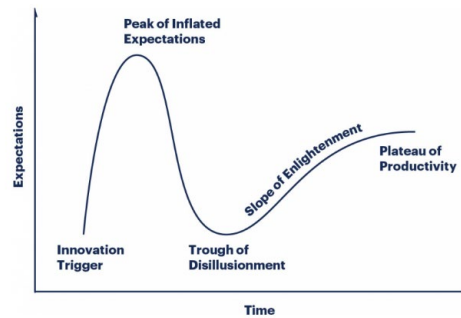
And while this technological acceleration shows significant promise, investing through transformational periods is no simple task. Change involves heightened uncertainty that can damage portfolios that are not properly managed.

Evolving technology can challenge an investor's ability to determine cash flow sustainability, as an innovation's productivity impact often doesn't follow a straight line. Research and consulting firm, Gartner, has created a graph titled the "Gartner Hype Cycle" that charts a common path. It goes something like this: a technological advance emerges, people's expectations of the technology exceed its current capabilities, people are confronted with the reality of what the technology can currently accomplish, expectations and reality reach healthy equilibrium over time. The graph² is included on the next page.

PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT TEAM

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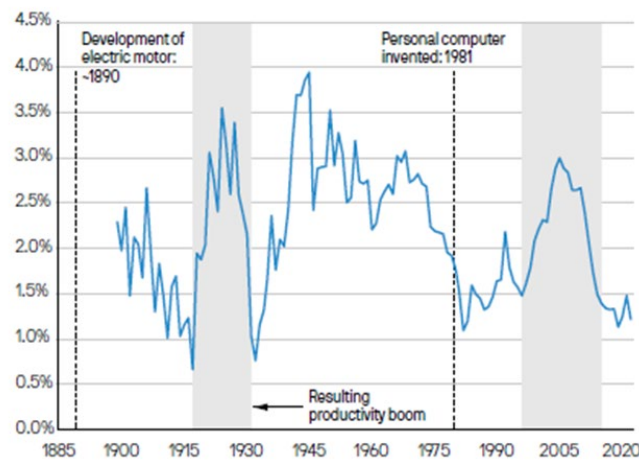




As the innovation cycle unfolds, new or progressing technology can take time to make its economic mark, even if its emergence eventually translates into productivity growth that drives gross domestic product higher. The below chart³ depicts the yearslong gap between when two groundbreaking inventions were created—electric motors and the personal computer—and ensuing productivity growth.

Past general-purpose technologies have taken considerable time to deliver gains in labor productivity, which has been the main engine of U.S. GDP over the last century

Labor productivity growth
Rolling 10-year annualized rate



Source: BLS, NBER, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Data from 1888-1957 reflect productivity data for the total private economy from John Kendrick, "Productivity Trends in the United States," NBER. Data from 1958-2022 reflect non-farm productivity data from the BLS. Data are as of August 31, 2023.

In addition to the aforementioned high-level timing uncertainties, identifying the individual companies that will ultimately benefit from a technological shift poses another challenge. Maintaining balance in portfolios can help investors guard against this wrinkle, as overexposing portfolios to technologies that are finding their footing can invite unwelcome volatility. For example, the rise of the internet in the late 1990s led to a large group of competitors in the search engine space. Google was the eventual winner, but there were several companies whose search engine capabilities perished, including Alta Vista, Ask Jeeves, and Infoseek, to name just a few.

Despite the variability surrounding the path that a potential AI-driven transformation could take, the technology’s advances make one thing clear: the American innovation engine is alive and well. Investors that exhibit patience and discipline in their search for durable long-term cash flows will be able to profitably participate in current and future innovations.

Quarterly Performance Update

During the first quarter of 2024, the Alley Company Dividend Portfolio underperformed the Russell 1000 Value Index.

From an individual holdings perspective, top contributors to and detractors from performance in the portfolio during the first quarter were:

Top Contributors	Top Detractors
Phillips 66 (PSX)	Apple (AAPL)
Merck (MRK)	Crown Castle (CCI)
AbbVie (ABBV)	Starbucks (SBUX)

Top and bottom performing sectors in the marketplace during the quarter are displayed in the table below. (+) and (-) symbols indicate the Dividend Portfolio being overweight or underweight the sector relative to the benchmark weighting.

Top Performing Sectors	Bottom Performing Sectors
Communication Services (-)	Real Estate (-)
Energy (+/-)	Utilities (-)
Technology (+)	Consumer Discretion (+)

Portfolio Changes

Honeywell (HON) was removed from the portfolio during the quarter. Earnings growth for Honeywell has been sluggish in recent years and, consequently, their dividend increases have been tepid, in our opinion.

Microchip Technology (MCHP) was added to the portfolio during the quarter. Over the past fifteen years, the company has been highly acquisitive and that has enabled them to have a diverse product lineup for customers. With their balance sheet now de-levered from acquisition activity, the company is poised to return excess cash flow to shareholders through both dividends and share buybacks, in our opinion.

Dividend Announcements

Dividend announcements among Alley Company Dividend Portfolio holdings during the first quarter are listed on the following page.

Q1 2024	
Company	Dividend Change
Arthur J. Gallagher (AJG)	+9%
BlackRock (BLK)	+2%
Chevron (CVX)	+8%
Cisco Systems (CSCO)	+3%
Home Depot (HD)	+8%
Microchip Technology (MCHP)	+3%
NextEra Energy (NEE)	+10%
Prologis (PLD)	+10%
WEC Energy Group (WEC)	+7%

ALLEY COMPANY DIVIDEND PORTFOLIO

The investment philosophy of the Alley Company Dividend Portfolio focuses on striking the balance between attractive absolute dividend yield and strong dividend growth underpinned by solid company fundamentals of our portfolio holdings. We employ a bottom-up, research-driven process focused on fundamental analysis of our portfolio holdings.

1. McKinsey & Company, "The Economic Potential of Generative AI", June 2023.
2. Gartner.
3. J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

ALLEY COMPANY

Alley Company is a boutique investment management firm that is dedicated to operating a discernible and disciplined investment philosophy and generating superior risk-adjusted investment returns. Alley Company was originally founded in 1998 and in 2006 established the Alley Company Dividend Portfolio to capitalize on investment opportunities in quality companies with strong dividend-paying cultures

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